

MATH PACKET



for

Students Entering the **Fifth Grade**

Students Name: _____

First and Last

Student's **Fifth Grade Homeroom** Teacher: _____

Parent's Signature: _____

INTRODUCTION

Welcome to the summer math packet for students entering fifth grade. Activities are designed to support instruction in the MCPS curriculum in both its content and presentation. Activities may be done independently or with a parent, guardian, or older brother or sister. Talking about the problem can be an important part of completing some activities.

- Students set their own goals for completing math activities.
- Students use the math packet to complete and record responses for the activities.

Summer Packet Content:

Standard 1: Operations and Algebraic Thinking Activity A: How Does His Garden Grow?

Activity B: Purchasing Popsicles

Standard 2: Number and Operations in Base Ten

Activity A: Bottles on the Beach

Activity B: Nautical Numbers

Activity C: Beach Towel Area Models

Standard 3: Number and Operations—Fractions

Activity A: Campfire Decimals

Activity B: Build a Beach House

Standard 4: Measurement and Data

Activity A: Summer Skate Park

Activity B: Garden Line Plot

Standard 5: Geometry

Activity A: Baseball Symmetry

Activity B: Flower Garden Geoboards

Also, please remember that memorization of basic facts is important for continued success in math. Please have your child use the attached basic facts papers on a daily basis.

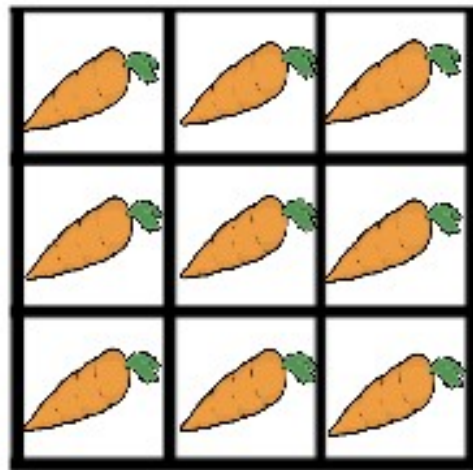
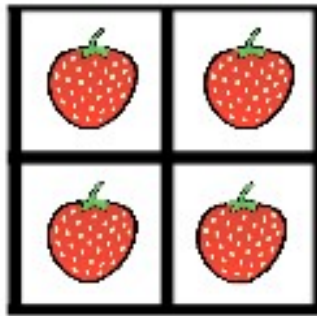


Operations and Algebraic Thinking-Activity A How

Does His Garden Grow?

Generate a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule. Identify apparent features of the pattern that were not explicit in the rule itself. For example, given the rule "Add 3" and the starting number 1, generate terms in the resulting sequence and observe that the terms appear to alternate between odd and even numbers. Explain informally why the numbers will continue to alternate in this way.

Farmer Joe loves patterns about as much as he loves gardening. Use the back of the paper to create 3 more garden plots to continue the pattern Farmer Joe started. What do you notice about the pattern? What is the rule? Can you predict what the 10th garden plot will look like if you continue the pattern? Explain.



Operations and Algebraic Thinking-Activity B

Multiply or divide to solve word problems involving multiplicative comparison, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem, distinguishing multiplicative comparison from additive comparison.

Purchasing Popsicles

Some local stores are selling popsicles for the summer. You LOVE popsicles and want to buy enough for the whole year! Answer the questions below using the chart.

Target	Sam's Club
3 popsicles per box	180 popsicles per box
2 popsicles per box	90 popsicles per box
4 popsicles per box	120 popsicles per box



How many different ways can you buy 360 popsicles?

What patterns do you notice? Explain your answer.

Challenge:

If you need half as many popsicles, how many different ways can you buy that many popsicles?

Number Operations in Base Ten-Activity A

Fluently add and subtract multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm. *

Bottles on the Beach

You collected bottles and cans from the beach and brought them to the recycling center. Solve the problems below.



- I. A recycling center recycles plastic bottles, aluminum cans, and glass bottles. The table shows the number of each material the center recycled in one day.

Materials Recycled

Material	Number Recycled
Plastic bottles	120,847
Aluminum Cans	90,659
Glass Bottles	30,273

- A. Was the combination of aluminum cans and glass bottles that were recycled greater than or less than the number of plastic bottles that were recycled? Show your work.
- B. What is the total number of bottles and cans recycled at the center? Show your work.
- C. How many more aluminum cans were recycled than glass bottles? Show your work.

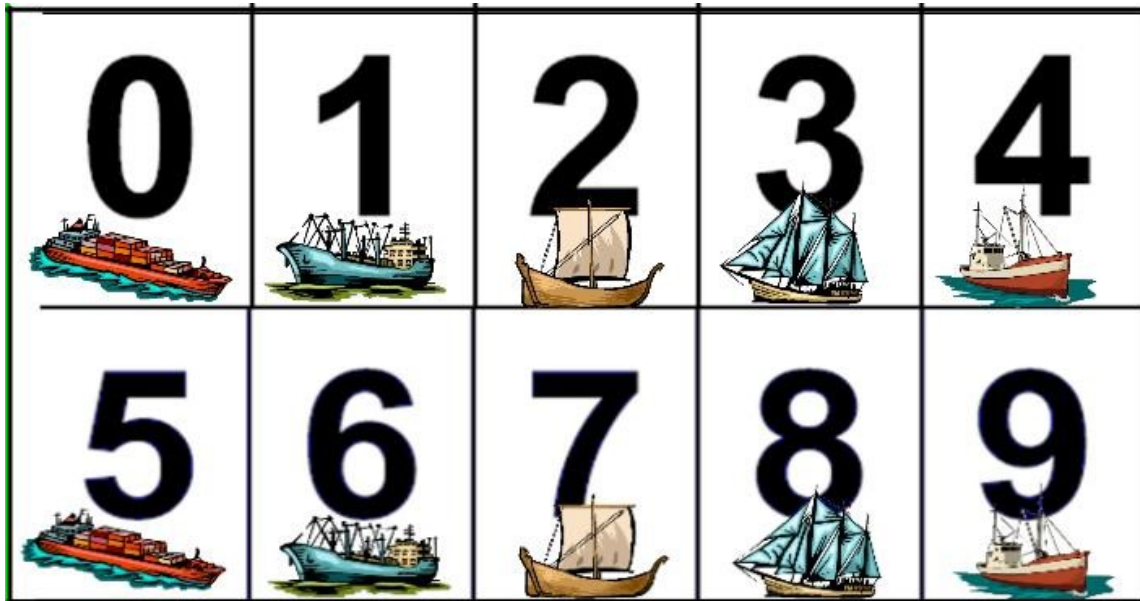
Challenge: Now use the table to create your own addition and subtraction word problem.

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Number Operations in Base Ten-Activity B

Read and write multi-digit whole numbers using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form. Compare two multi-digit numbers based on meanings of the digits in each place, using $>$, $=$, and $<$ symbols to record the results of comparisons.

Nautical Numbers



Have your child cut out the number cards above. Ask them to complete tasks like the ones below...

- Build the largest number you can.
- Build a number less than 4803.
- Build a number greater than 3750 and less than 3900.
- Build a number 100 more than 1834.



When your child has had sufficient practice, have your child generate a large number. Enter the number on the next page. The number of digits can be based on your child's ability. Write 4 clues for the number (My number is a 5 digit odd number between 70,000 and 60,000). Can a third person guess the secret number? Play the game twice.

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page

Choose your digits. Place them on the waves

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Game 1 Clues

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2.

3.

4.

Game 2 Clues

1.

2.

3.

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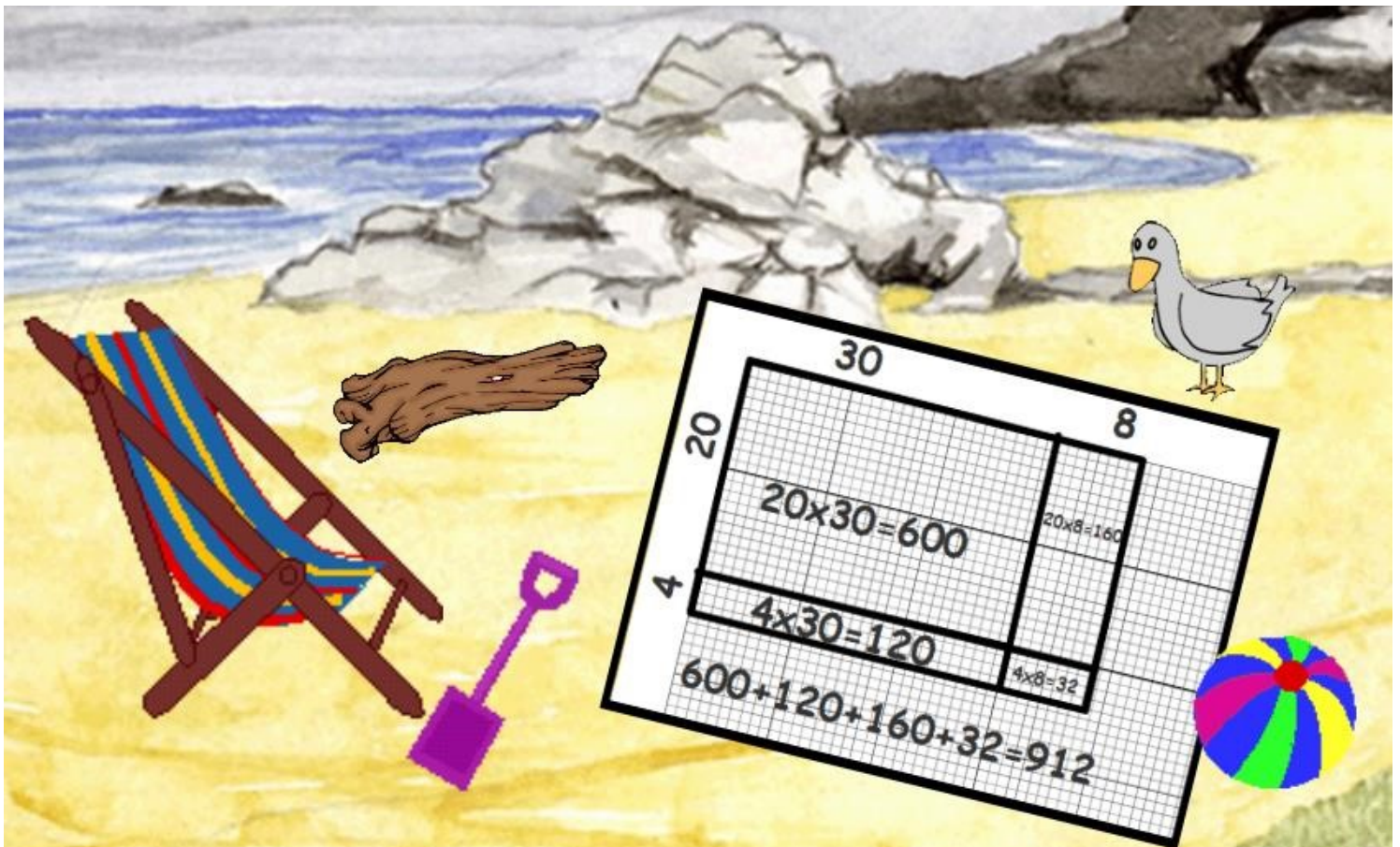
Number Operations in Base Ten-Activity C

Beach Towel Area Models

Multiply a whole number of up to four digits by a onebased on place value and the arrays, and/or area models. properties of operations. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular-digit whole number, and multiply two two-digit numbers, using strategies

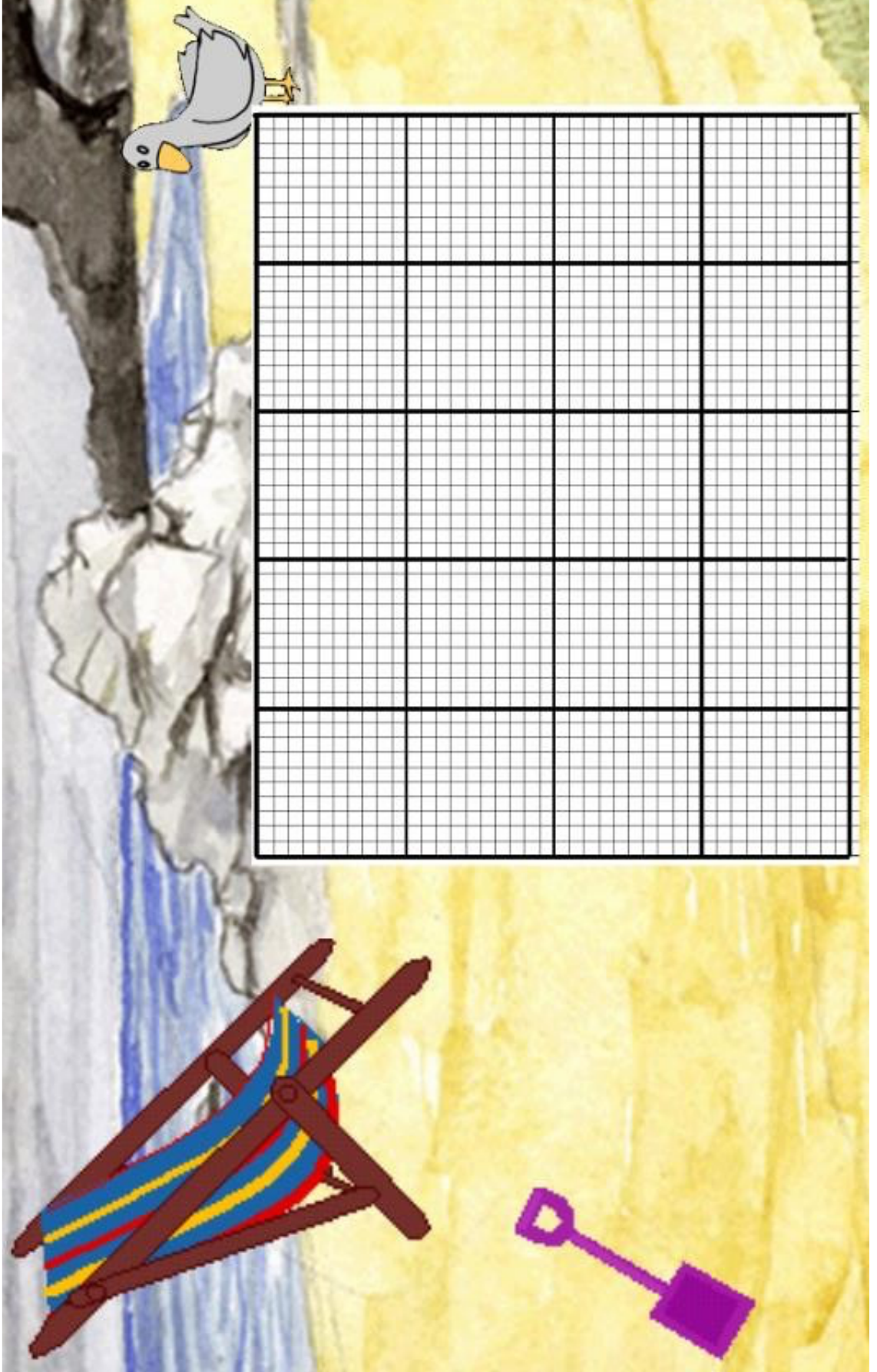
The Thurgood Marshall PTA is selling beach towels to help students remember their area models for multiplication. They have asked students to design a beach towel similar to the one below.

$$38 \times 42$$

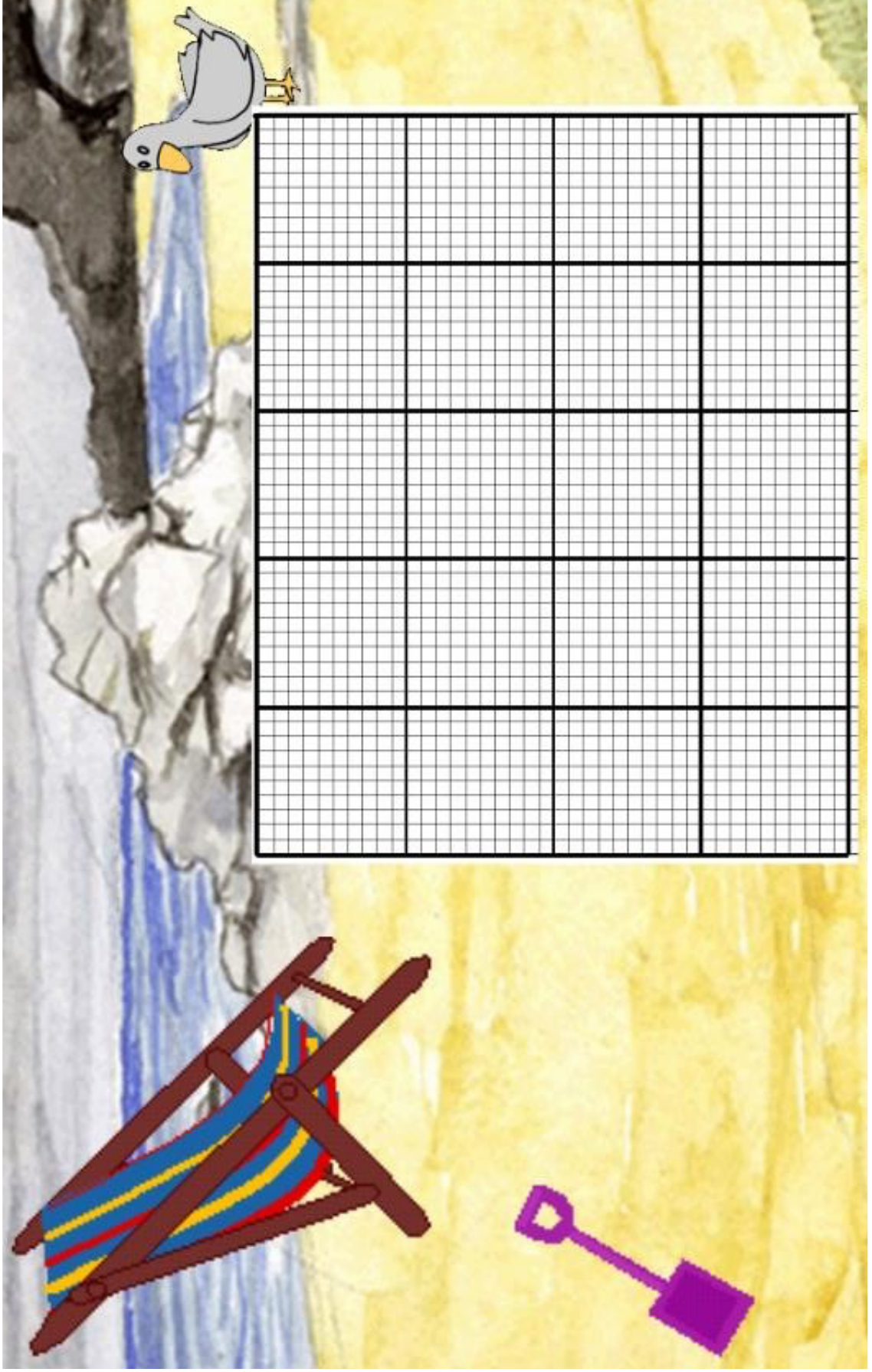


Use the following page to design a beach towel of an area model to represent 42×36 . Be sure to include partial products and their equations.

42 x 36



Challenge: Design a beach towel with dimensions that you choose. Draw the beach towel on the grid and include partial products and their equations.



NUMBER & OPERATIONS/FRACTIONS-Activity A

Use decimal notation for fractions with denominators 10 or 100. For example, rewrite 0.62 as $\frac{62}{100}$; describe a length as 0.62 meters; locate 0.62 on a number line diagram.

Decimal Campfire

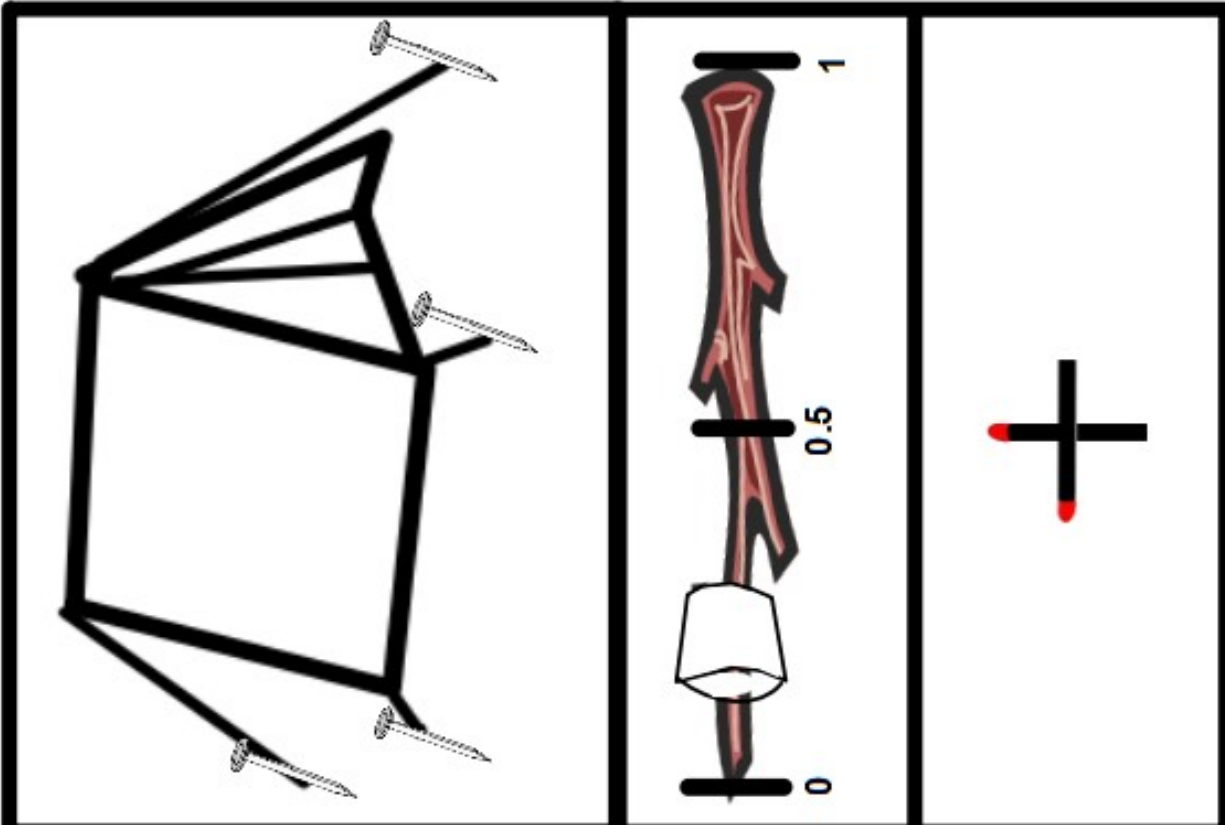
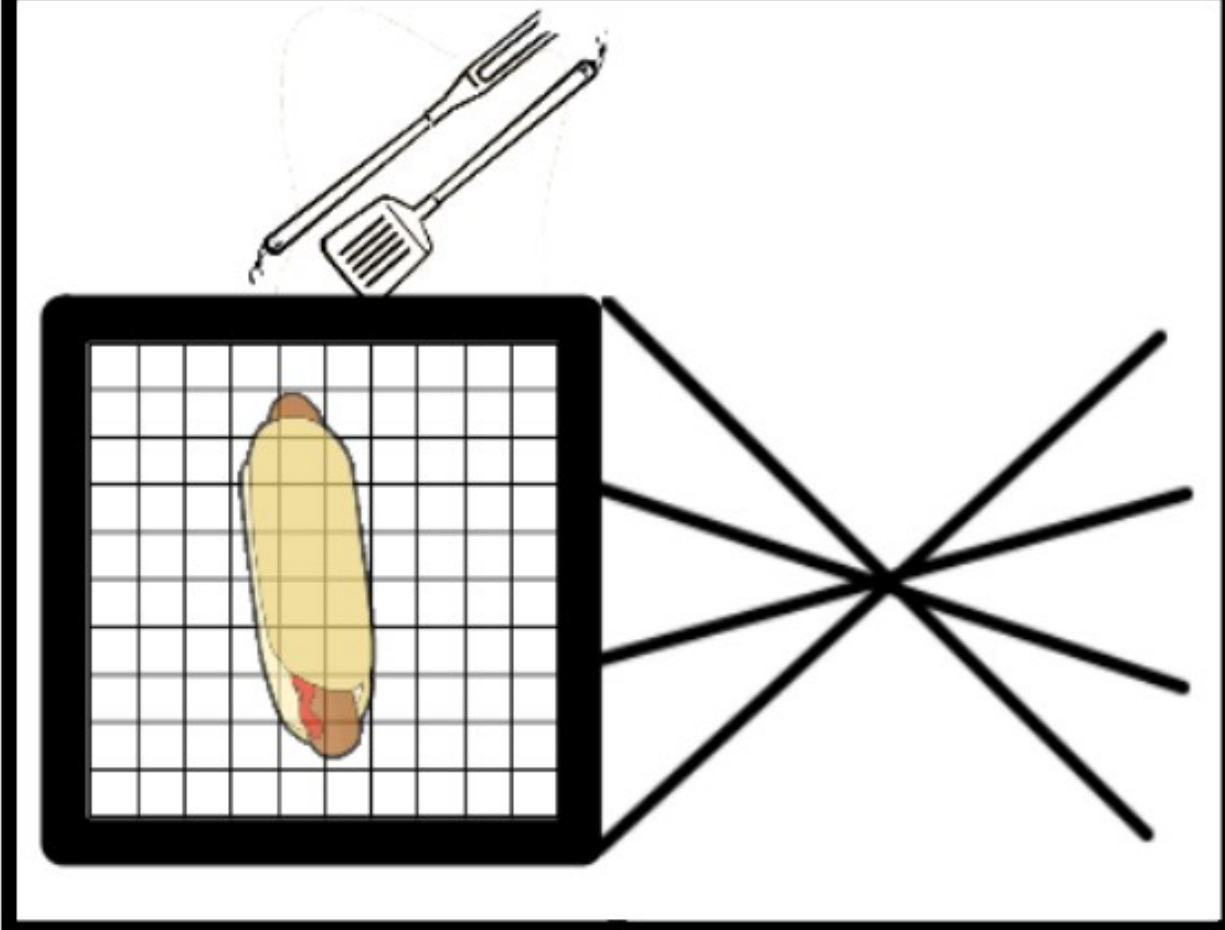
Use the the campfire mat to show different representations of a given decimal. See an example below.

0.28

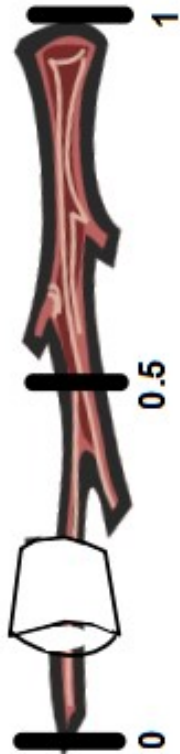
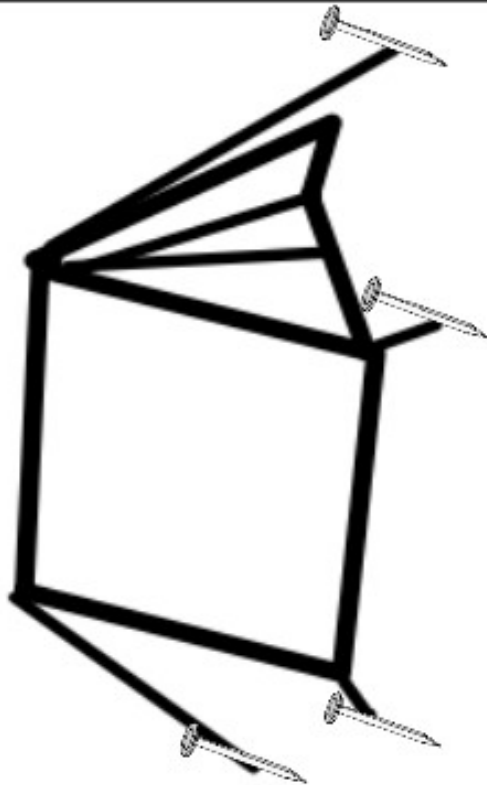
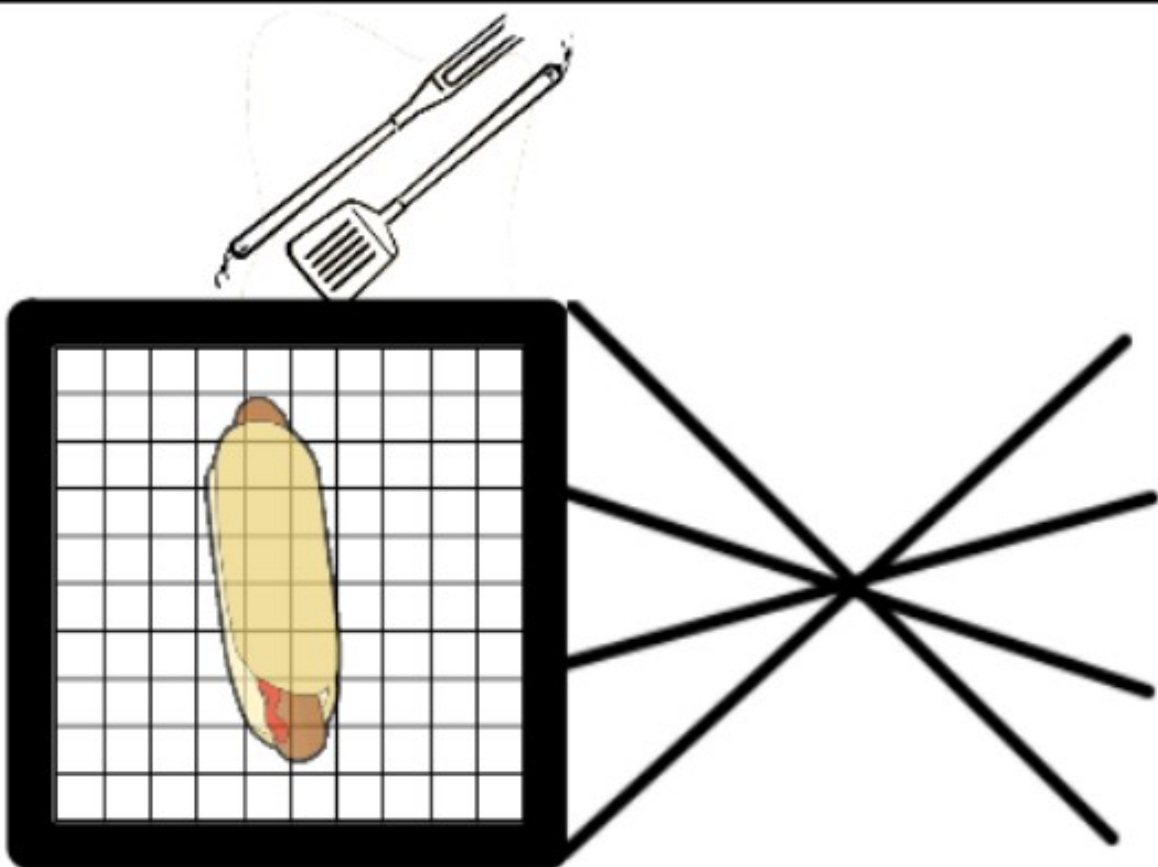
The campfire mat is divided into four sections illustrating the decimal 0.28:

- Top-left:** A 10x10 grid with 28 squares shaded purple (2 full columns and 8 squares in the third column). A yellow hot dog is on a grill to the right.
- Top-right:** A tent with the fraction $\frac{28}{100}$ written on its side.
- Bottom-left:** A number line from 0 to 1 with a white cylinder at 0.28.
- Bottom-right:** The equation $0.2 + 0.08$.

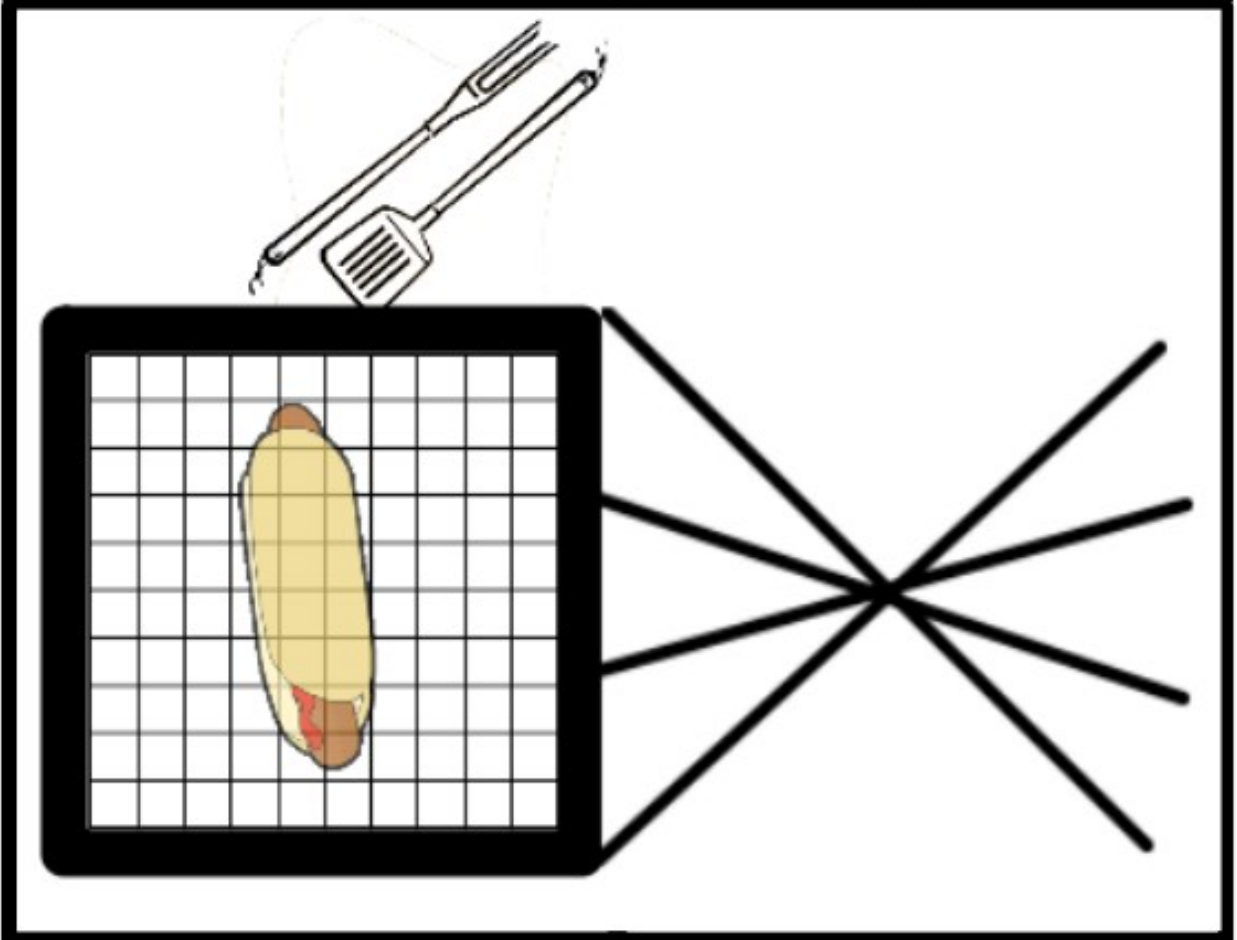
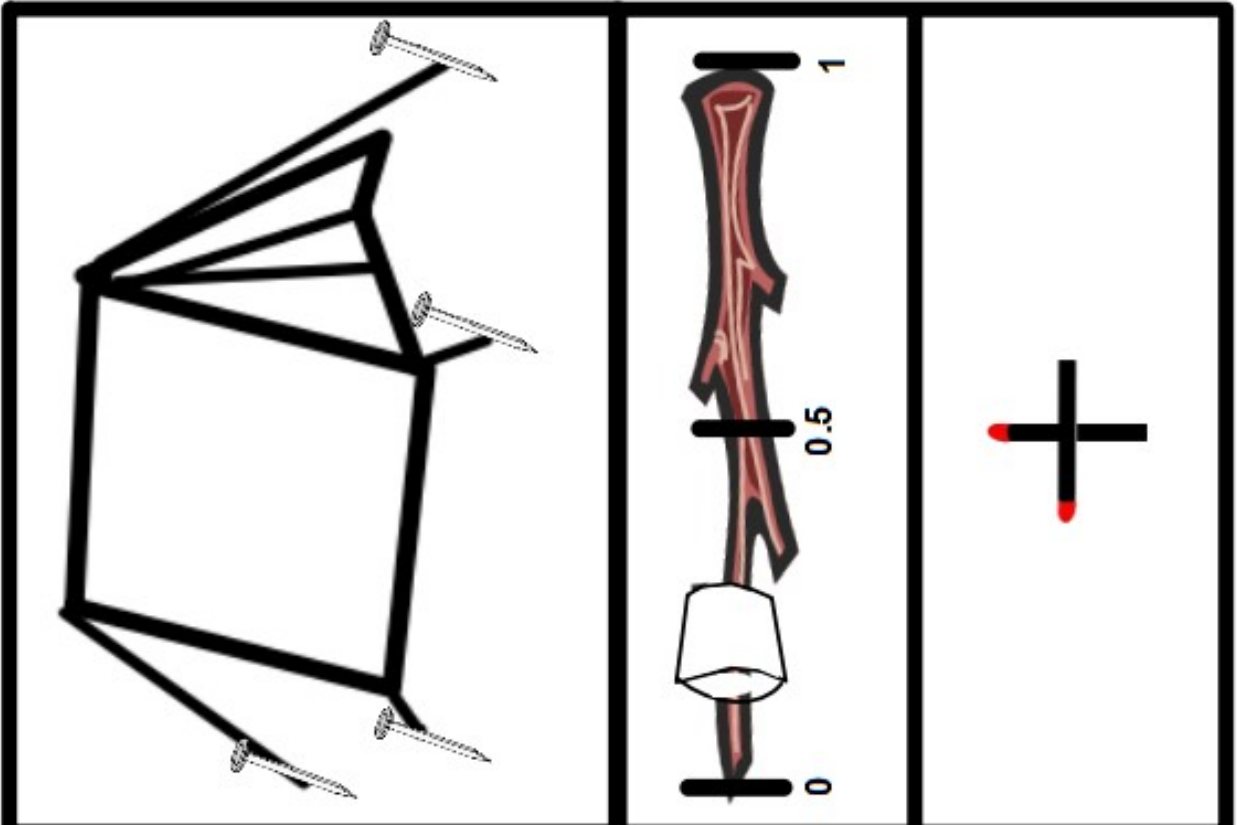
0.08



0.5



0.21



Challenge: After you have completed the activity, write all of the fractions and/or decimals from least to greatest.

NUMBER & OPERATIONS/Fractions-Activity B

Build fractions from unit fractions by applying and extending previous understandings of operations on whole numbers. **

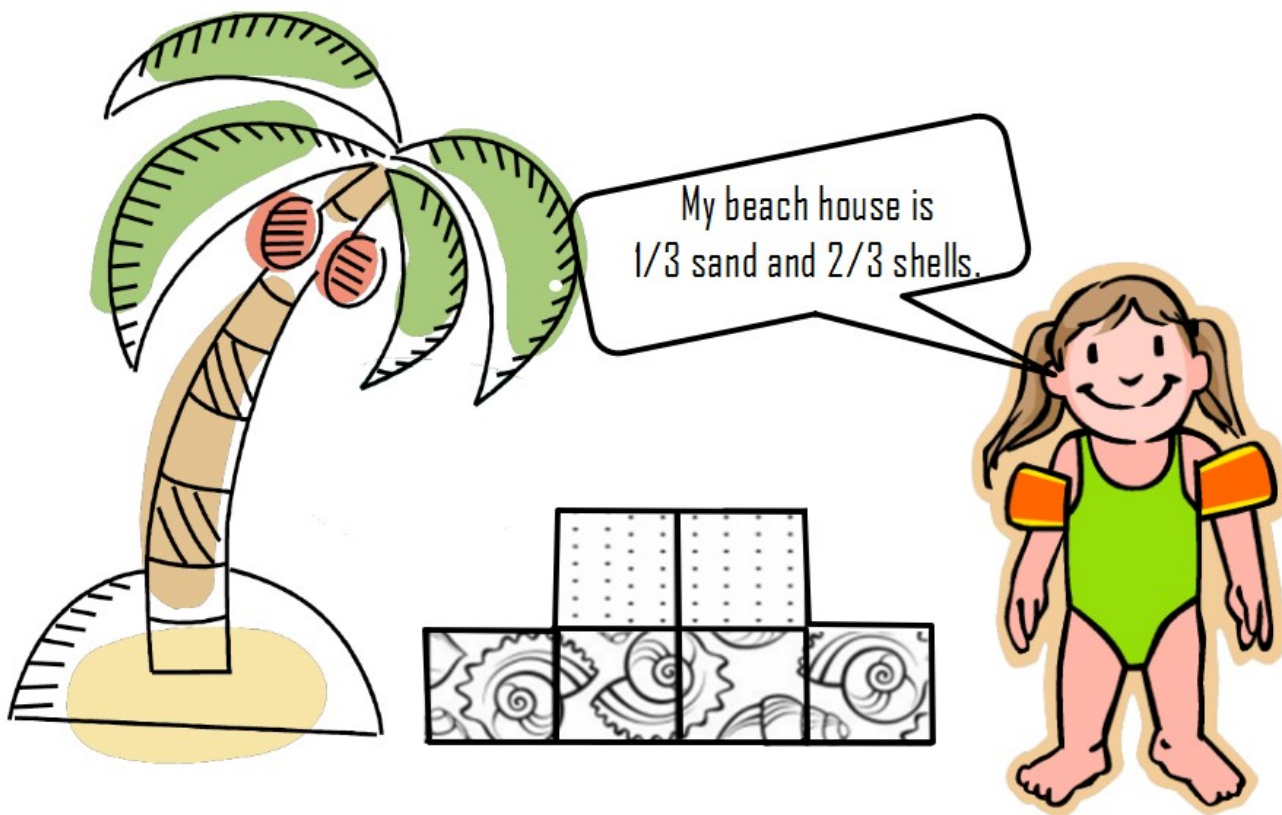
1.4.D.3 Understand a fraction $\frac{a}{b}$ with $a > 1$ as a sum of fractions $\frac{1}{b}$.

- Understand addition and subtraction of fractions as joining and separating parts referring to the same whole.
- Decompose a fraction into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in more than one way, recording each decomposition by an equation. Justify decompositions, e.g., by using a visual fraction model.

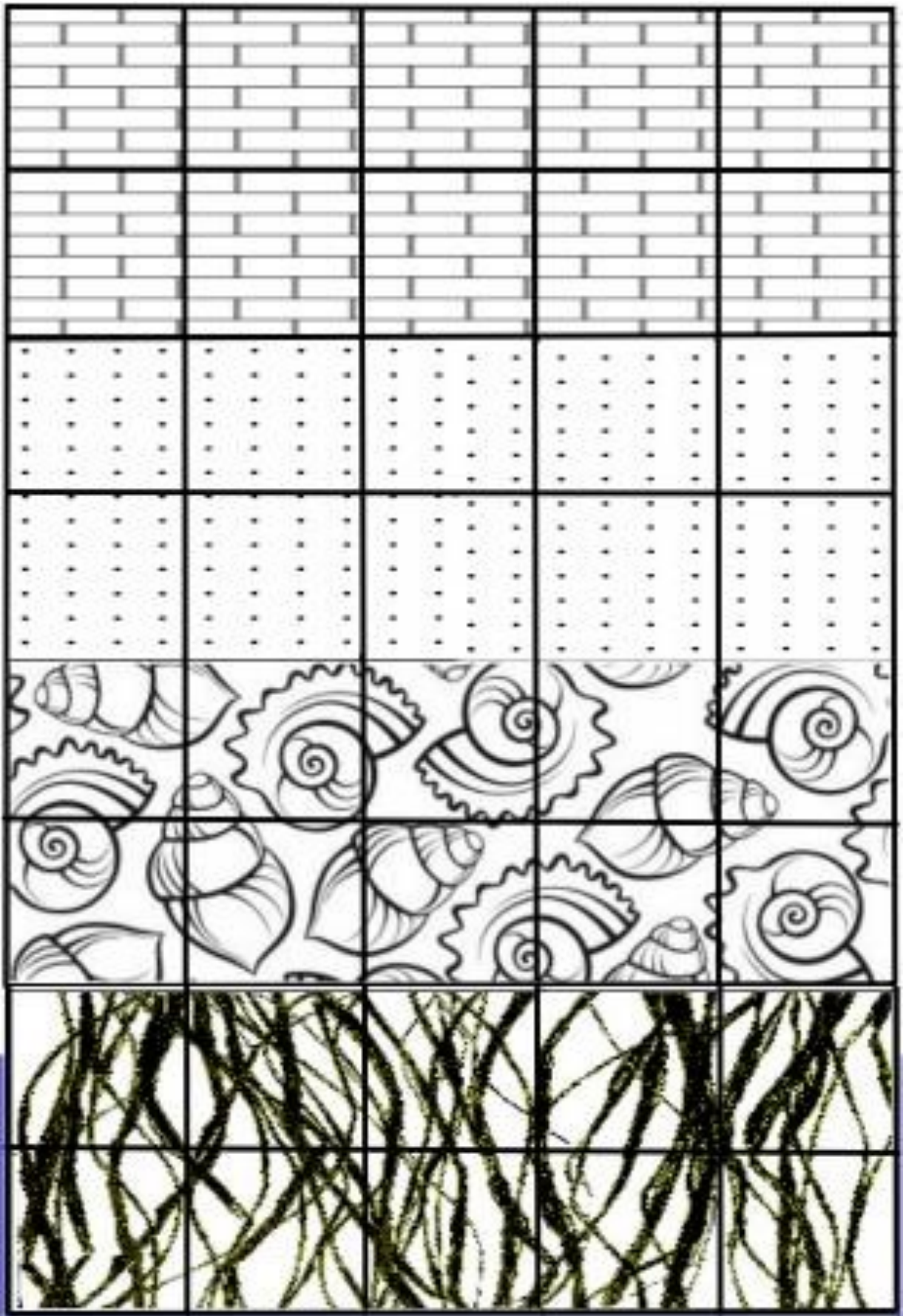
Examples: $\frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$; $\frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{8} + \frac{2}{8}$; $2\frac{1}{8} = 1 + 1 + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{8}{8} + \frac{8}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$.

Build a Beach House

Cut out the 40 tiles on the next page. Use the tiles to construct a beach house given the criteria on each activity cards.



(adapted from <http://maccss.ncdpi.wikispaces.net/file/view/4thGradeUnit.pdf/295313404/4thGradeUnit.pdf>)



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CARD A

Build beach house that is...

- One fourth brick
- One fourth seaweed

CARD B

Build beach house that is...

- Two thirds sand

CARD C

Build beach house that is...

- One eighth sand
- Four eighths seaweed

CARD D

Build beach house that is...

- One third shells
- Two thirds brick

CARD E

Build beach house that is...

- One half brick
- One fourth sand

CARD F

Build beach house that is...

- Five twelfths shells
- One sixth brick
- Two sixths seaweed

CARD G

Build beach house that is...

- One fifth brick
- Four tenths seaweed
- Two fifths shells

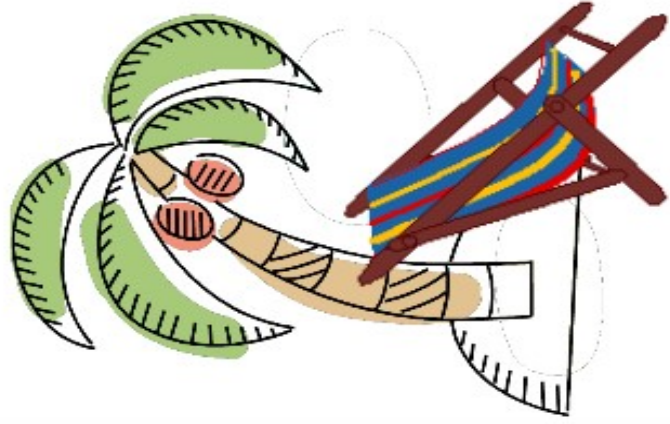
CARD H

Build beach house that is...

- One third sand
- One sixth brick
- One half seaweed

Blank page

Build your beach house here.

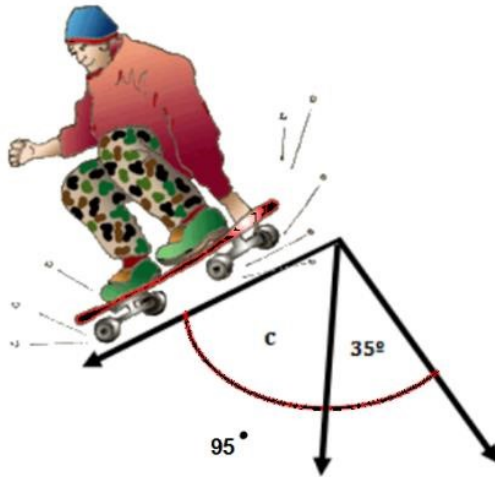


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Measurement and Data-Activity A

Recognize angle measure as additive. When an angle is decomposed into non-overlapping parts, the angle measure of the whole is the sum of the angle measures of the parts. Solve addition and subtraction problems to find unknown angles on a diagram in real world and mathematical problems, e.g., by using an equation with a symbol for the unknown angle measure.

Summer Skate Park



What is the value of angle c ? _____ Explain how you found your answer.

Kevin set a goal to learn to do a 360° turn on his skateboard. On his first attempt he manages to turn 90° . How many more degrees does he need to turn to meet his goal? Justify your solution.

Summer Skate Park Challenge

Jennifer left home at 3:50 p.m. When she reached the grocery store, she noticed that the minute hand on the clock had moved 90 degrees clockwise. What time did she reach the grocery store?

Measurement and Data-Activity B

Make a line plot to display a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit ($\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}$). Solve problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions by using information presented in line plots. For example, from a line plot find and interpret the difference in length between the longest and shortest specimens in an insect collection.

Garden Plot Line Plot

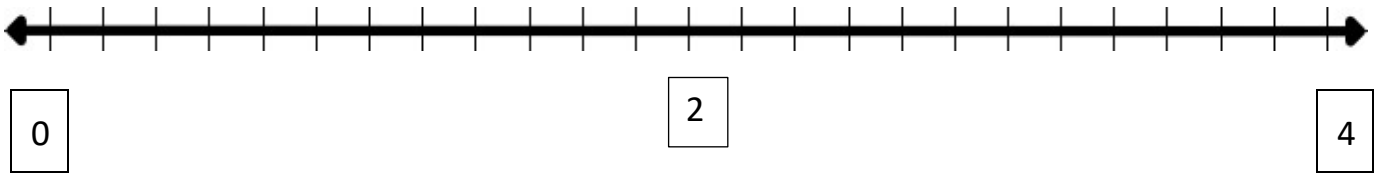
You are visiting *Thurgood Marshall Botanical Gardens*. You recorded the height of different flowers.



Type of Flower	Height
Veronica	$1\frac{1}{6}$ feet
Tall Garden Phlox	$3\frac{1}{3}$ feet
Russian Sage	$3\frac{5}{6}$ feet
Perennial Sage	$1\frac{4}{6}$ feet
Astilbe	$2\frac{5}{6}$ feet
Purple Coneflower	3 feet
Switchgrass	$2\frac{1}{2}$ feet
Purple Ice Plant	$2\frac{1}{6}$ foot
Yellow Alyssum	$1\frac{1}{6}$ foot
Moss Phlox	$1\frac{1}{6}$ foot
Black-Eyed Susan	$1\frac{1}{3}$ feet

Display the data on the line plot on the next page.

Title: _____



What is the difference between the height of the tallest and the shortest flower?
How can the line plot help you determine your answer? Explain your thinking.

Challenge: How would the line plot change if you measured a flower that was

3 $\frac{3}{8}$ feet?

2 $\frac{5}{12}$ feet?

Geometry—Activity A

Recognize a line of symmetry for a two-dimensional figure as a line across the figure such that the figure can be folded along the line into matching parts. Identify line-symmetric figures and draw lines of symmetry.

Baseball Symmetry

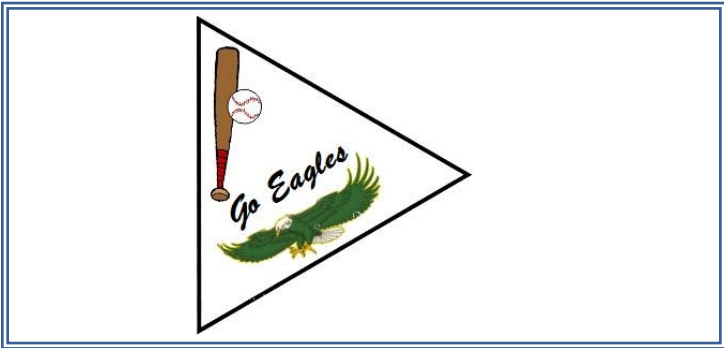
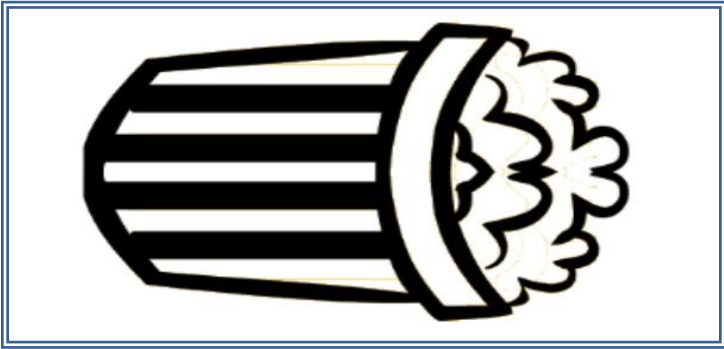
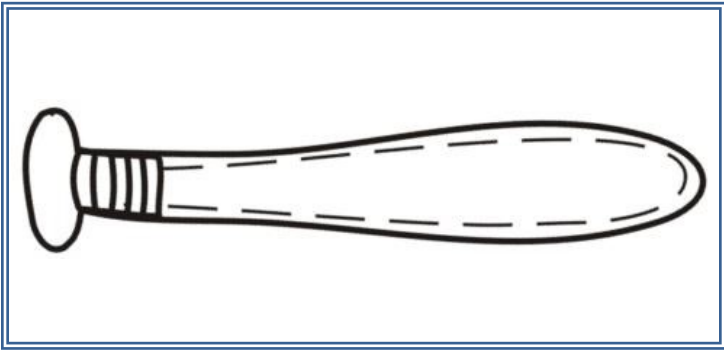
Cut out the playing cards on the following pages. Turn the cards upside down and place in the center between the players. Each player takes a turn drawing a card from the pile. The player receives a score equal to the number of lines of symmetry for the shape drawn. There are three “strike” cards in the pile. When all three “strike” cards are drawn, the game is over. The player who has the highest total score at the end of the game wins.

Duplicate the score card below to play multiple games.

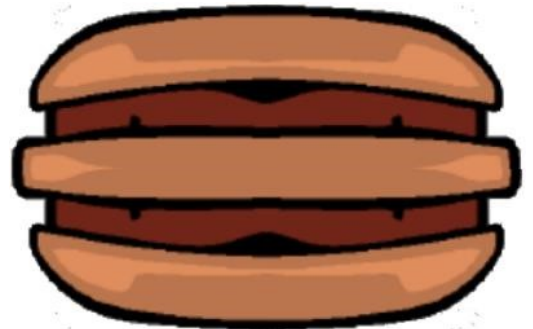
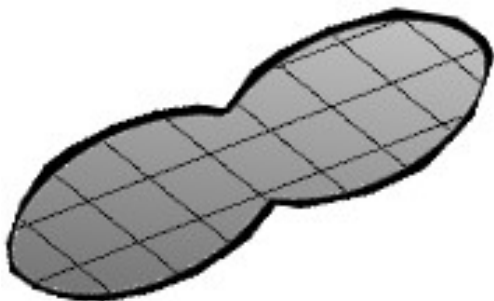
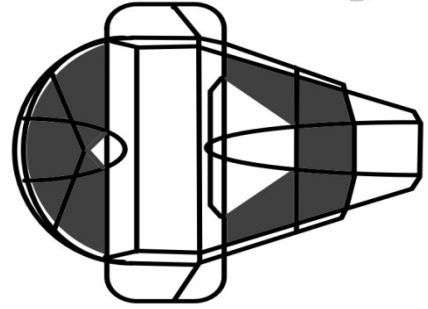
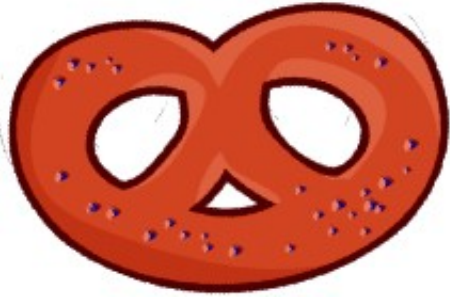
Player 1	Player 2



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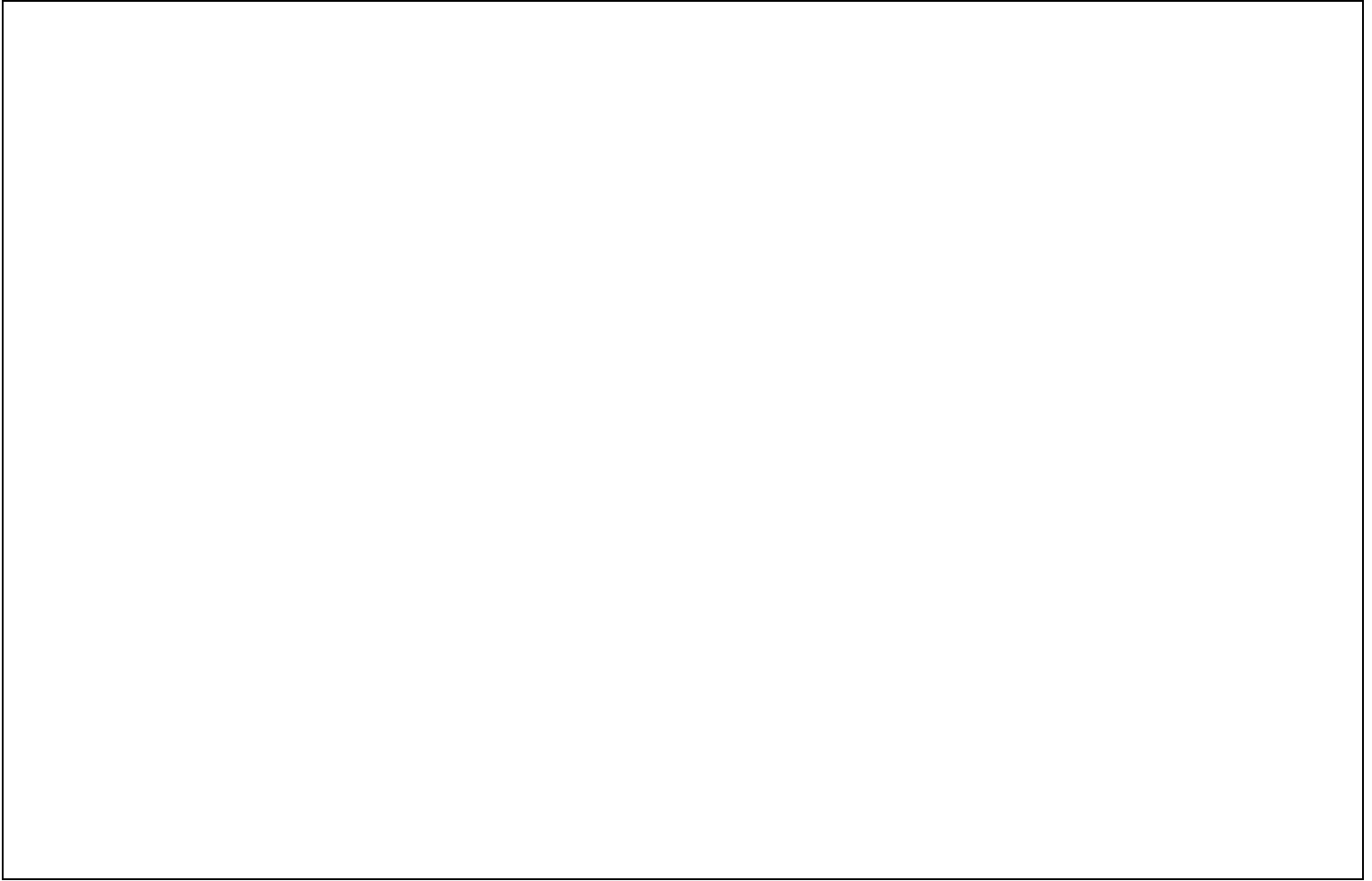
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Baseball Symmetry Challenge

Draw an object with 4 lines of symmetry.



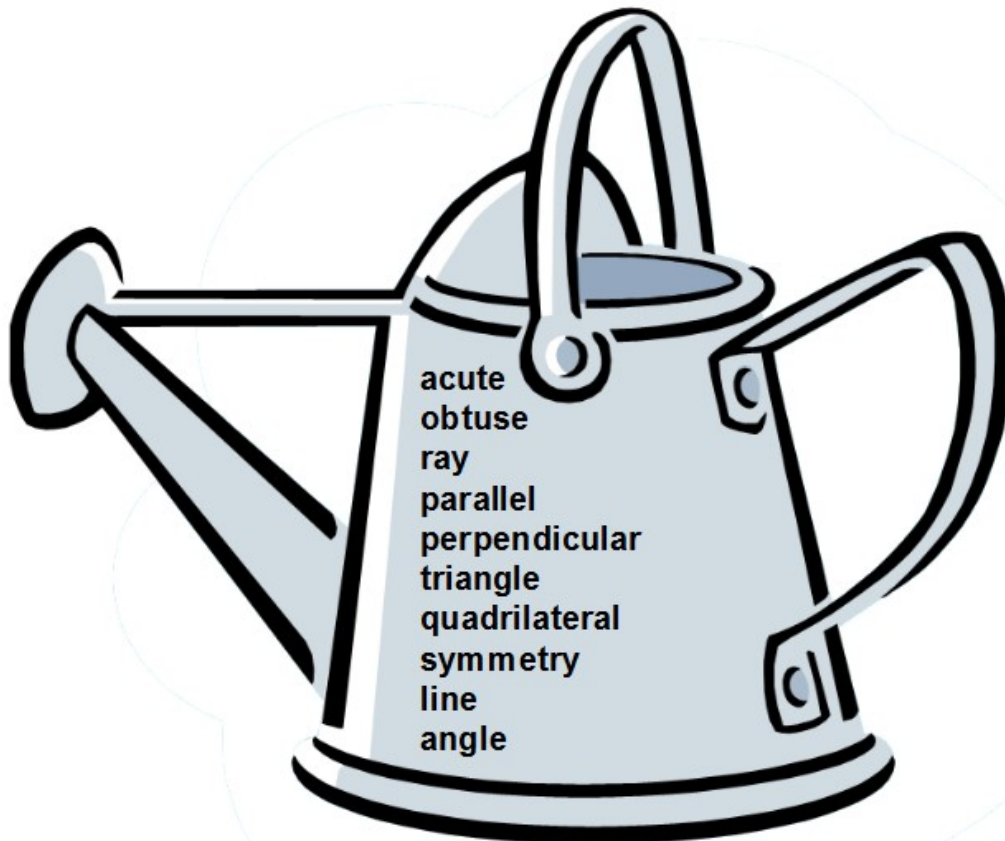
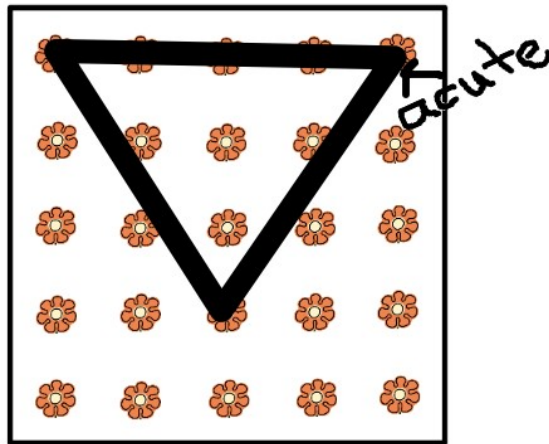
Geometry—Activity B

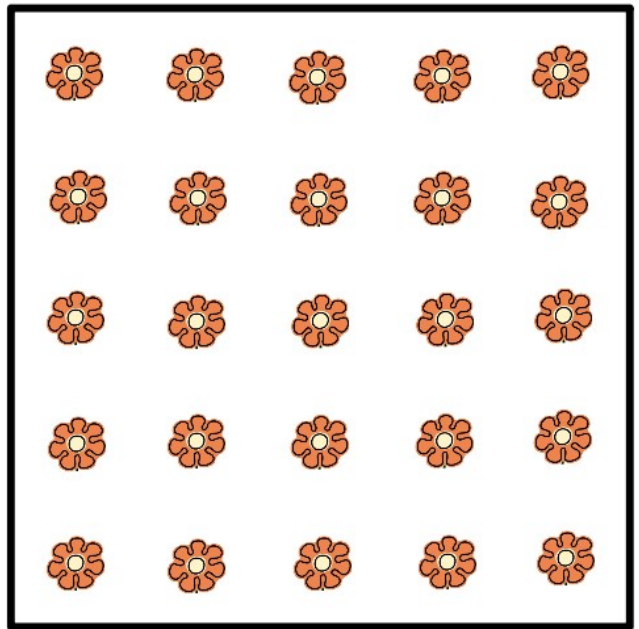
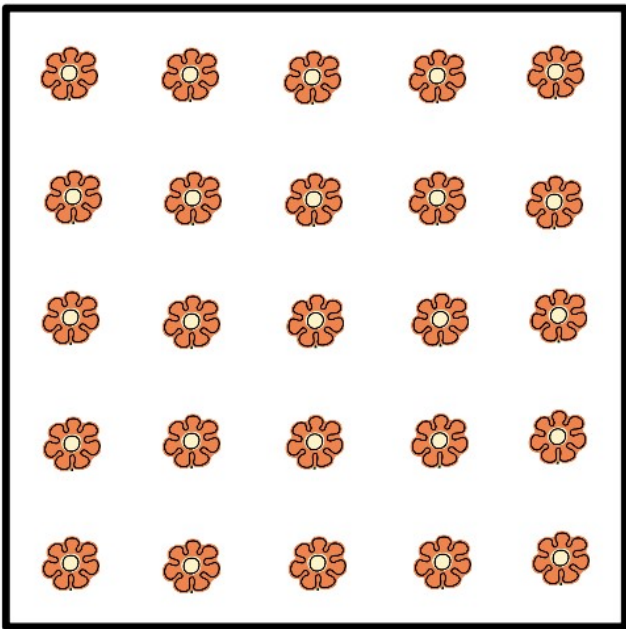
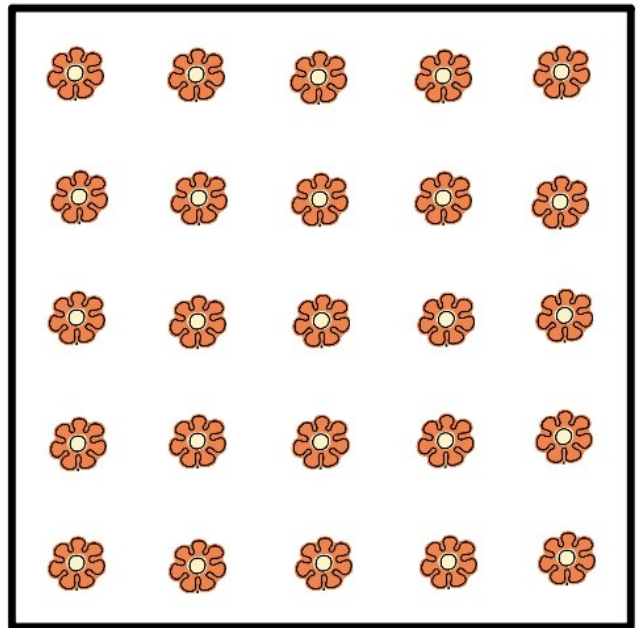
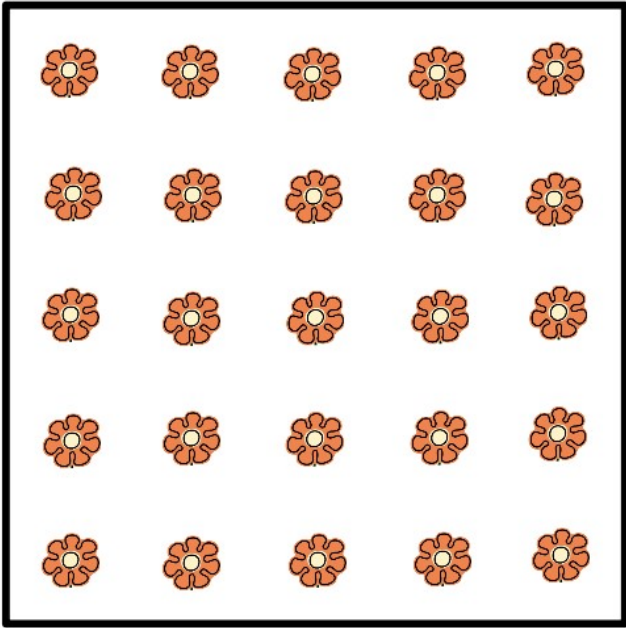
Draw and identify lines and angles, and classify shapes by properties of their lines and angles.

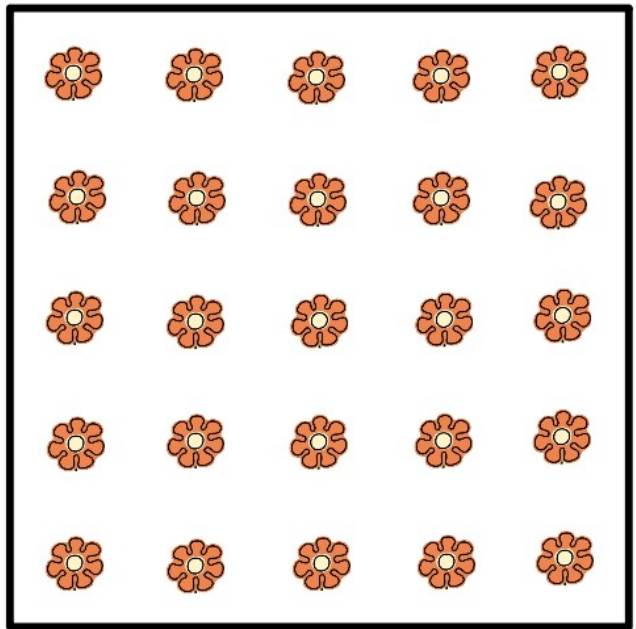
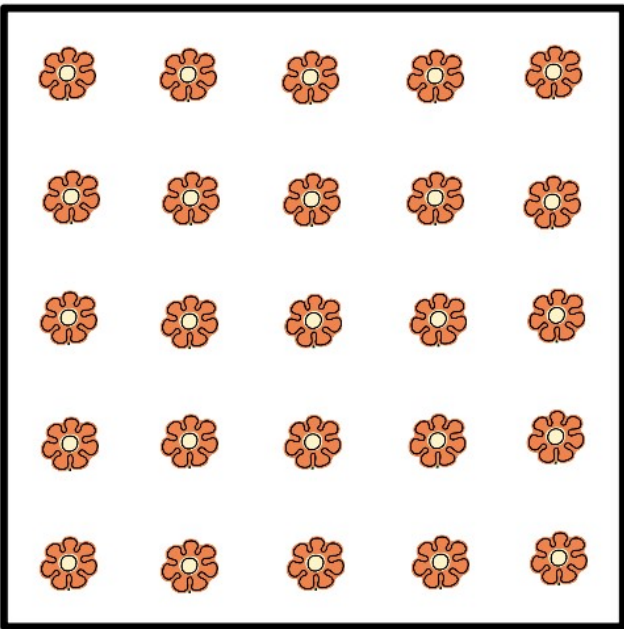
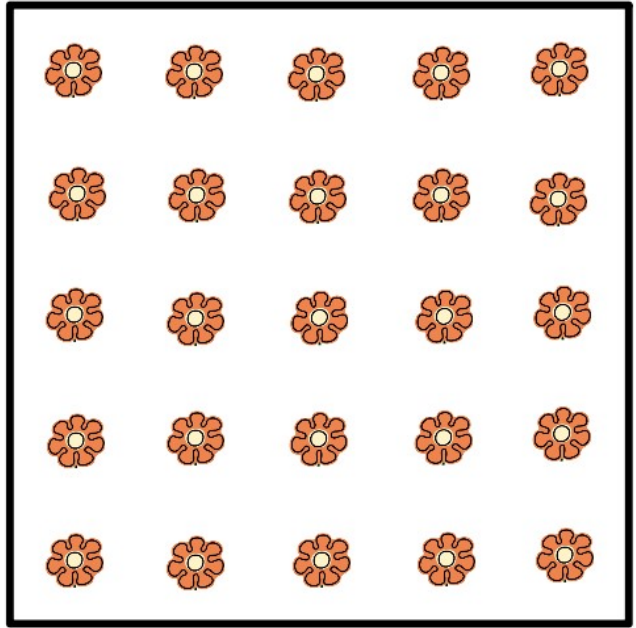
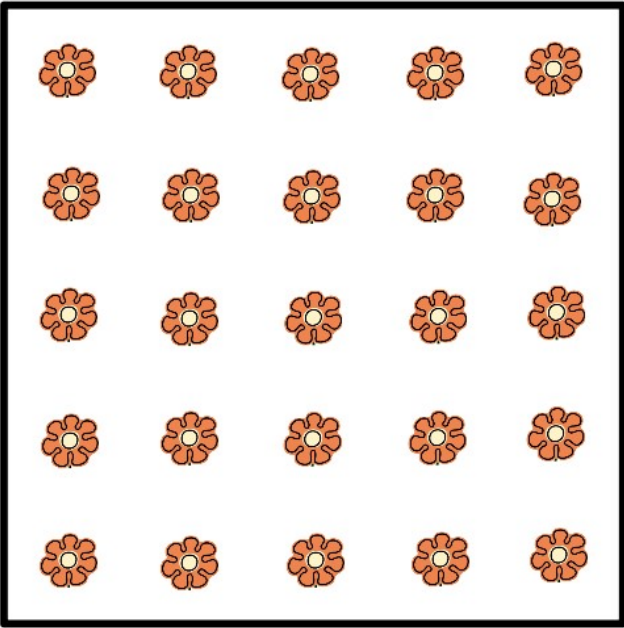
3.4.A.1 Draw points, lines, line segments, rays, angles (right, acute, obtuse), and perpendicular and parallel lines. Identify these in two-dimensional figures.

Flower Garden Geoboard

Look at the list of geometry terms on the watering can. Using a straight edge, draw on the flower gardens. Label your drawings. Make sure you use all the terms provided. Multiple terms can be used on a drawing.







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$$21 \div 3 = \quad 24 \div 3 = \quad 27 \div 3 = \quad 30 \div 3 =$$

$$4 \div 4 = \quad 8 \div 4 = \quad 12 \div 4 = \quad 16 \div 4 =$$

$$20 \div 4 = \quad 24 \div 4 = \quad 28 \div 4 = \quad 32 \div 4 =$$

$$36 \div 4 = \quad 40 \div 4 = \quad 5 \div 5 = \quad 10 \div 5 =$$

$$15 \div 5 = \quad 20 \div 5 = \quad 25 \div 5 = \quad 30 \div 5 =$$

$$35 \div 5 = \quad 40 \div 5 = \quad 45 \div 5 = \quad 50 \div 5 =$$

$$6 \div 6 = \quad 12 \div 6 = \quad 18 \div 6 = \quad 24 \div 6 =$$

$$30 \div 6 = \quad 36 \div 6 = \quad 42 \div 6 = \quad 48 \div 6 =$$

$$54 \div 6 = \quad 60 \div 6 = \quad 7 \div 7 = \quad 14 \div 7 =$$

$$21 \div 7 = \quad 28 \div 7 = \quad 35 \div 7 = \quad 42 \div 7 =$$

$$49 \div 7 = \quad 56 \div 7 = \quad 63 \div 7 = \quad 70 \div 7 =$$

$$8 \div 8 = \quad 16 \div 8 = \quad 24 \div 8 = \quad 32 \div 8 =$$

$40 \div 8 =$ $48 \div 8 =$ $56 \div 8 =$ $64 \div 8 =$

$72 \div 8 =$ $80 \div 8 =$ $9 \div 9 =$ $18 \div 9 =$

$27 \div 9 =$ $36 \div 9 =$ $45 \div 9 =$ $54 \div 9 =$

$63 \div 9 =$ $72 \div 9 =$ $81 \div 9 =$ $90 \div 9 =$